Climate Change: Opportunity and Risk

Jan W. Dash, PhD April 2022

Editor: World Scientific Climate Encyclopedia

Gabelli Fellow and Visiting Scholar, Fordham U.

Book: Quantitative Finance and Risk Management, A Physicist's Approach

QUIZ (not a poll)

- What do YOU think about the opportunities and risks involved with climate change?
- Will revisit after the talk

Bottom Line up front

- Opportunity: Tens of TRILLIONS \$
 business investment + operations
 - Plus co-benefits
- Risk: Potentially disastrous damage to the human race if robust climate action NOT increased starting now
 - Already damaging and costing \$
- Climate Change Risk & Opportunity
 Officer: JOBS JOBS JOBS

Outline of Talk

- Part I: Review/Introduction (30 min)
- Part 2: Climate Action Examples (30 min)
- Appendix: Deeper Dive / Models (15 min)

- TALK = OVERVIEW
 - EACH SLIDE needs I hr. talk for details
 - Lots of slides, little time => will be fast!
 - May postpone Appendix

What are the climate change issues?

- I. The Physical Science Basis
- II. Impacts, Adaptation, and Vulnerabilities
- III. Mitigation of Climate Change
- Climate change: set of changing climatic phenomena, time averaged (e.g. 30 years)
- Global warming: trend (up) of global average temperature of climate change.
- Carbon budget: Maximum of Carbon in atmosphere for livable world

CLIMATE ACTION: URGENT

- VISION: Make/keep livable, just world
- MISSION: "Eliminate" carbon emissions
 - Mostly CO2 (+ methane ...=> CO2e)
- There are huge opportunities
- Need more climate risk management for bad possibilities
- Optimism, Courage, Persistence

TOP LINE: Global Warming is the most severe long term Survival and Justice Issue

- Science is CLEAR and experts AGREE
 - Global warming trend of climate change exists, mostly due to carbon dioxide CO2 emissions from burning fossil fuels
 - "Carbon Budget" is main constraint (physics)
- Survival Issue
 - Disasters are made worse many types
 - Impacts seen now. WARNING can get MUCH worse
 - We have VERY LITTLE TIME to enhance climate action
- Justice and Ethics Issues
 - Climate Justice, Intergenerational Equity
 - Who gets to emit what, consistent with carbon budget
- There will be no place to hide for anyone

CO2 in atmosphere highest in 3 million years. Weight CO2 emitted/person/year =



Climate = Human Survival Issue

- Disasters are made worse due to Global Warming
 - More crop failures,
 - Worse fresh water shortages,
 - Sea level rise,
 - Ocean acidification,
 - More intense fires,
 - Worse extreme weather/hurricanes,
 - More droughts,
 - More flooding,
 - More severe heat waves,
 - More disease,
 - Severe species extermination,
 - More political instability and loss of civil rights,
 - More climate migration,
 - Increased conflict (wars/national insecurity/terrorism),
 - Economic/finance systemic disruption (possible breakdown)
 - +TIPPING POINTS, IMPACT FEEDBACKS, IRREVERSIBLE
 - Attribution studies improving for GW influence on disasters

Climate Risks to Business

- All the risks listed above, plus
 - Reputation risk (loss of social contract)
 - Regulation risk (Europe, US ...)
 - Transition risk (to renewable economy)
 - Technology risk (enhanced via transition)
 - Stranded asset risk (fossil fuels)
 - Lost Opportunity risk (\$Trillions)
 - Contagion risk (supply chains ...)
 - WORST Risk may be induced INSTABILITY of financial/economic system

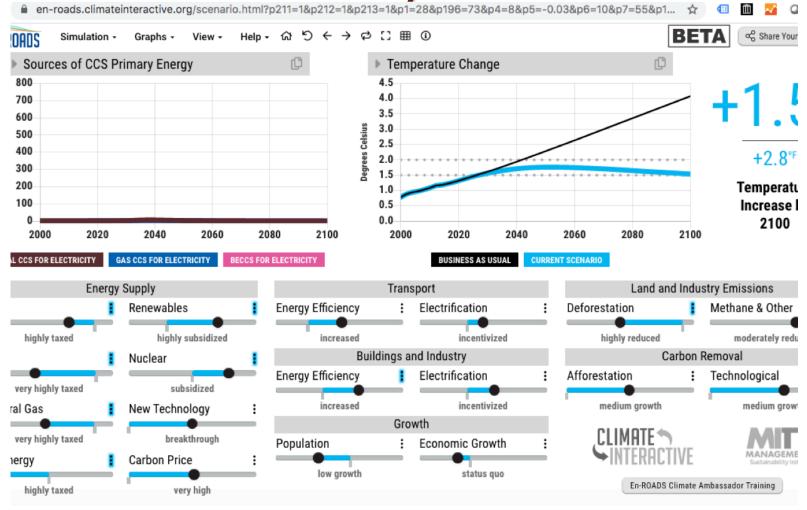
ACTION: We CAN mitigate Climate

- Climate Change Risk Management
 - Change: All Deliberate Speed to renewables
 - Action: All levels local to global needed
 - Individuals,
 - NGOs (Environment, Faith, Investors ...),
 - Businesses,
 - Cities,
 - States,
 - National,
 - International

Climate Action: "AND", not "OR"

- Mitigation: Make climate less severe
- Substantial now, NEED MORE
- I 00 Climate Actions, no silver bullet
- CLIMATE ACTION = PORTFOLIO
 - Will review in Part 3
 - Price on Carbon can stimulate climate action
- Adaptation for what we can't mitigate,
 with increased resilience

EnRoads (MIT) Climate Scenario Simulator – run it yourself!



Livable World vs. Unlivable World Note $+2^{\circ}C = +3.6^{\circ}F$

- Paris Agreement: "Well Under" +2°C
 - Relative to preindustrial levels
 - Target: +1.5°C
- Disasters much worse at +3°C
 - At +4°C we have an unlivable planet
- Latest Glasgow COP26: If all pledges are carried out, can achieve +2°C (estimate)
 - Better than +3°C previous to Glasgow
 - Not enough for +1.5°C

Business is Key for Climate

- Need n \$Trillions for renewable economy
 - Private Capital does have \$Trillions scale
 - Governments don't have \$Trillions scale
 - Renewable Economy now unstoppable
- Need Govt. (policy, \$) + Business (\$\$\$)
 - "GFANZ committed to managing assets totalling over \$130 trillion in line with 1.5 degrees." Mark Carney, 2021
- Lots of OPPORTUNITY

JOBS in Climate Risk Management?

- YES YES YES
- Climate Change Opportunity and Risk Management is now underway and WILL BETHE NORM in the future of
 - Corporations
 - Wall Street
 - Governments
 - Academia

"Climate change poses a major risk to the stability of the U.S. financial system and to its ability to sustain the American economy."



Climate Opportunity/Risk Action: Corporate Climate Risk Reporting and Action - TCFD (M. Bloomberg): Guidelines to Regulation?



"Climate is top risk" - Davos World Economic Forum

Long-Term Risk Outlook

Top 10 risks by likelihood and impact over the next 10 years

Multistakeholders

Likelihood

- Extreme weather
- Climate action failure

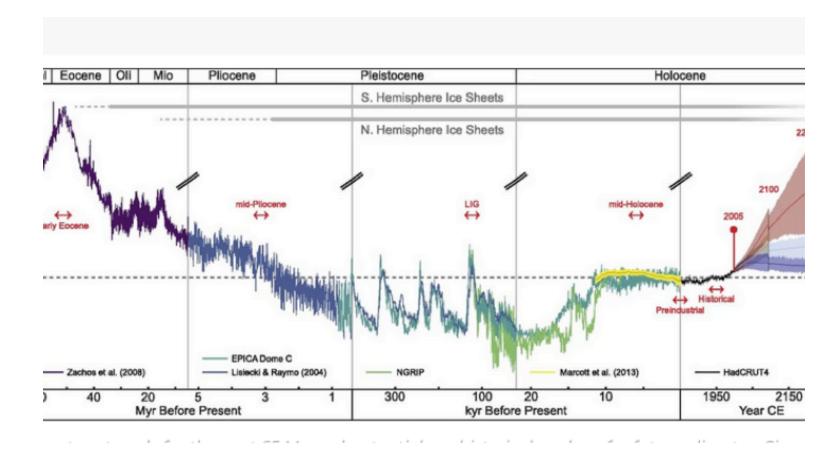
Impact

- Climate action failure
- Weapons of mass destruction

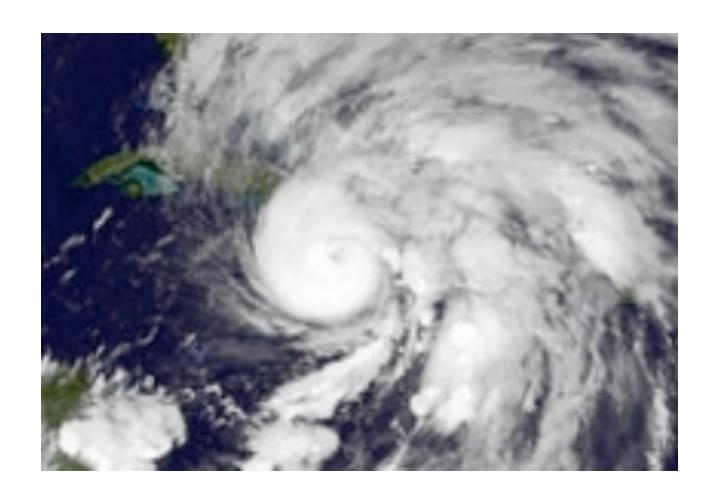
Climate Opportunity/Risk Action Cobenefit: Reduce Financial/Economic Crisis Risk

- Transition risk from fossil fuels to renewable energies
 - Resolve supply/demand imbalances
 - Electric grid improvements (HVDC network)
- Myriad severe climate impacts
 - Supply chain disruptions, direct hits (PG&E)
- Descendants over-leveraging with huge debts to cope with climate impacts

Climate Opportunity/Risk Action Co-benefit: Reduce Temperature Rise – now out of human civilization range, earth is heating up



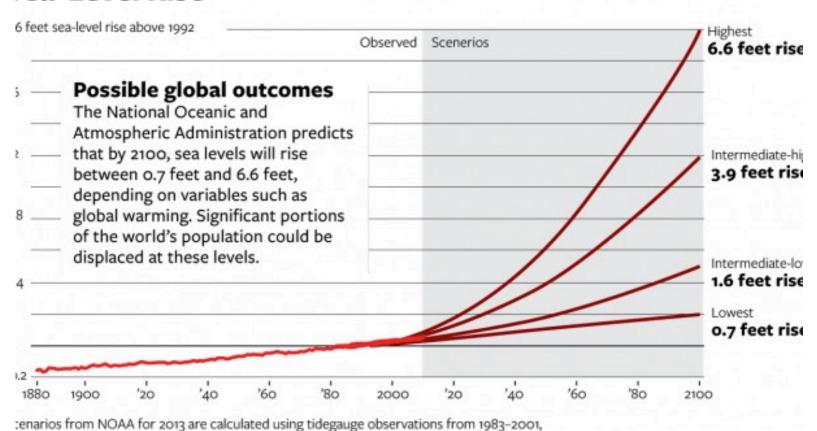
Climate Opportunity/Risk Action Cobenefit: Reduce Worse Extreme Weather



Climate Opportunity/Risk Action Co-benefit: Improve Livability, reduce Sea Level Rise

Sea-Level Rise

king the midway point (1992) as the starting point.



Climate Opportunity/Risk Action Cobenefit: Reduce Suffering (Sandy, Katrina)





Union Beach, NJ New Orleans, LA

Climate Opportunity/Risk Action Co-benefit: Reduce negative Climate Health Impacts

Traceable evidence of the impacts of climate change on humanity

References Entries Info



Climate Opportunity/Risk Action Cobenefit: Improve Security, reduce Increasing Security Risk (Climate = "Risk Multiplier")



Climate Opportunity/Risk Action Co-benefit: Reduce Climate Migration, Political Instability



Climate Opportunity/Risk Action Cobenefit: Reduce Increasing Damaged Crops

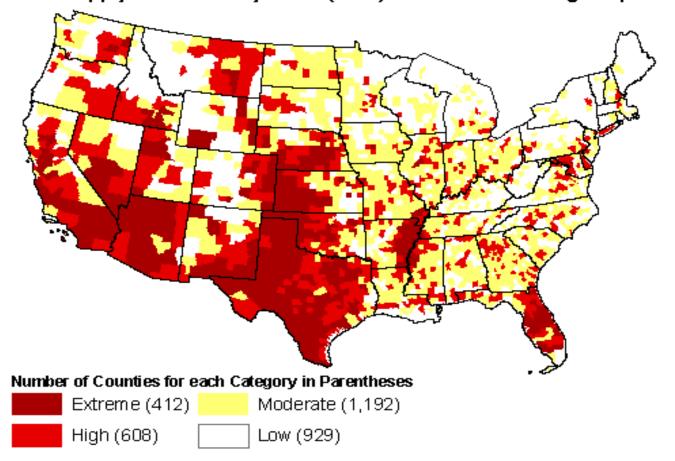


Climate Opportunity/Risk Action Cobenefit: Reduce Intensified Fires



Climate Opportunity/Risk Action Cobenefit: Reduce Water Shortages

Water Supply Sustainability Index (2050) With Climate Change Impacts

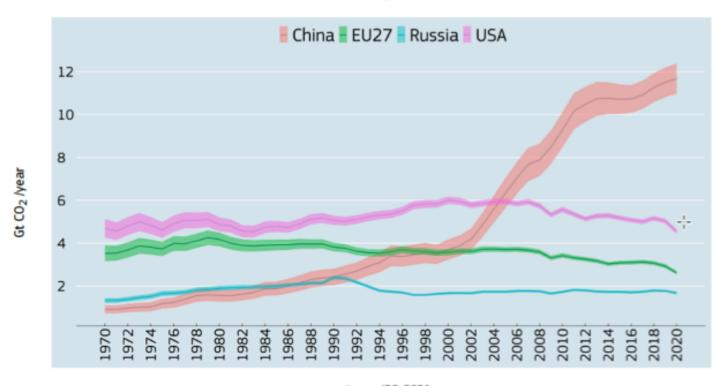


Climate COP Conferences

- Copenhagen, Paris, Glasgow
 - National Determined Contributions NDCs
 - Voluntary NDC by each country
 - Enhanced ambition announcements Glasgow
 - Steady difficult progress
 - China/India Net Zero pledges & energy equity
 - Need more short term ambition (2030)
 - Recognition: Climate is everybody's problem
 - Less (but not zero) obstruction, free-riding
 - All must agree on COP negotiated outcome

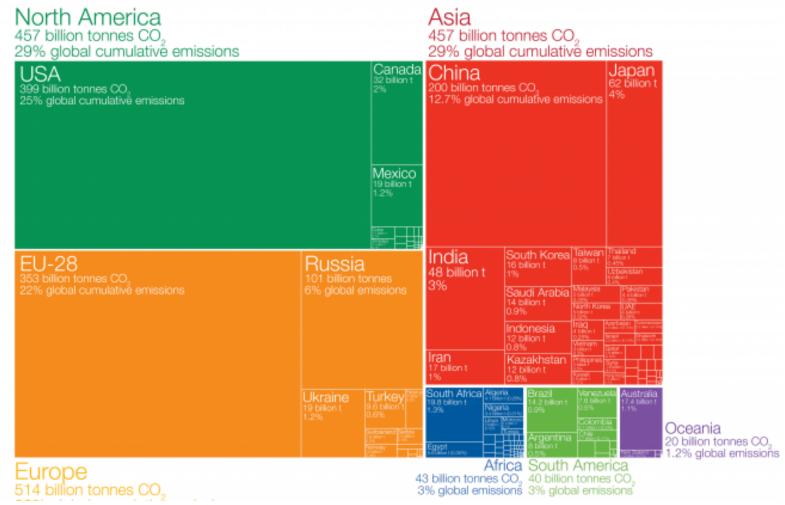
Annual CO2 emissions

Figure 3. Annual CO₂ emissions in top emitting countries and the estimated uncertainty (coloured bands), 1970-2020 (Gt CO₂/yr).



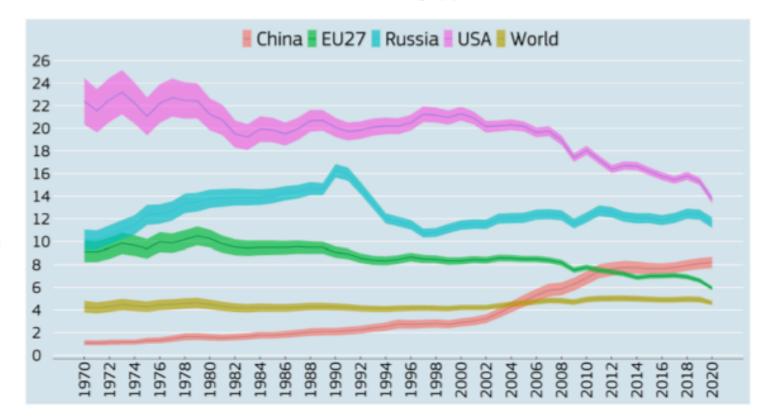
Source: JRC, 2021.

BUT => Cumulative CO2 is what matters for global warming (U.S. #1)



Per-capita GHG (equity, negotiating)

Figure 4. Annual per capita CO₂ emissions in top emitting countries and the estimated uncertainty (coloured bands), 1970-2020 (t CO₂/cap/yr).



Source: JRC, 2021.

Sub-national US climate action



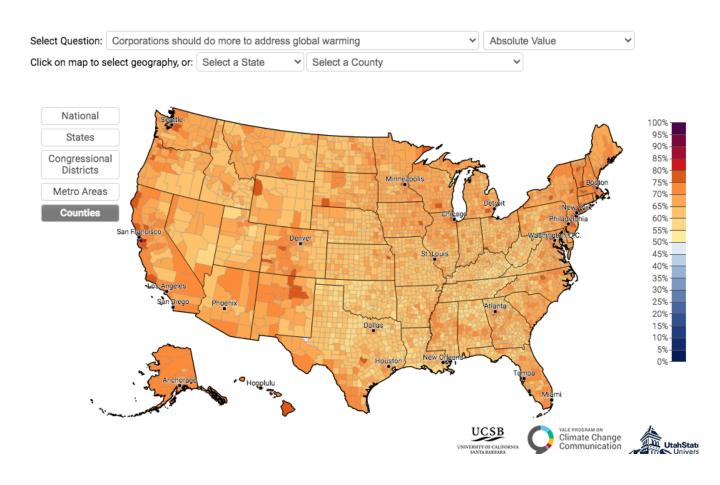
Business Net-Zero Commitments Emissions Scope 3 most important

PRESS RELEASE

July 21, 2020

Apple commits to be 100 percent carbon neutral for its supply chain and products by 2030

Attitudes (Yale) – More people want climate action



NGO Action – including closing coal plants (Beyond Coal, M. Bloomberg)



Long Branch, NJ 🗸

LOGIN

JOIN RENEW

About Us

Explore Issues

Take Action

Get Outside

Donate

Communities are ready for 100%

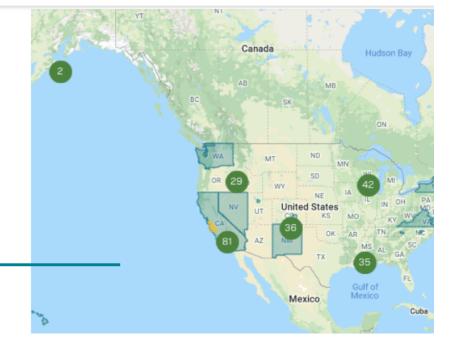
Find a Ready For 100 campaign or city that is committed to —or powered by—100% clean energy near you. Learn more or take action now!

Explore Our Map

170+
Committed Cities &

Towns

60+
Active Campaigns



Uncertainties

- Uncertainties exist => need risk
 management for bad possible outcomes
- Most uncertainty: human behavior
- What are uncertainties in outcomes if not enough action? Bad or Catastrophic
- Other uncertainties
 - Climate science uncertainties
 - Economic model uncertainties
 - Precautionary Principle

SDGs = All Social Justice issues are tied together with Climate Action (SDG13)







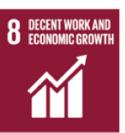




SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES

















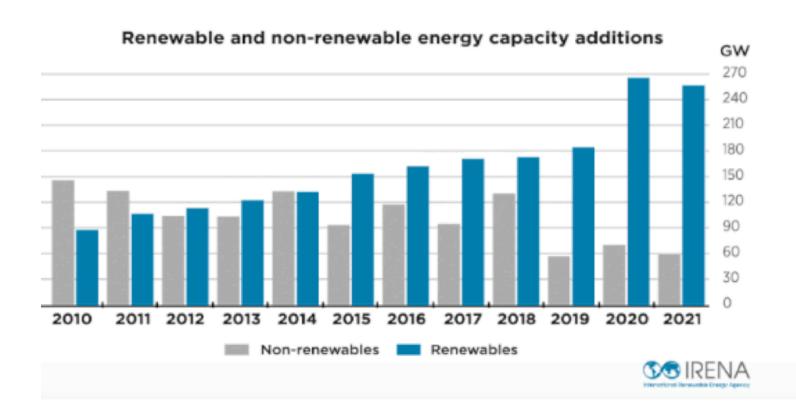






Renewable Energy taking off





Climate Summary in 12 words



Climate Change: Opportunity and Risk - Part 2

Jan W. Dash, PhD April 2022

Editor: World Scientific Climate Encyclopedia

Gabelli Fellow and Visiting Scholar, Fordham U.

Book: Quantitative Finance and Risk Management, A Physicist's Approach

Climate Opportunity/Risk Action

- CLIMATE ACTION WHY? Review:
- MITIGATION reduce global warming
 - Avoid worst climate impacts COBENEFITS
 - Leave livable world to descendants
 - Take advantage of opportunities
- ADAPTATION cope with impacts of global warming
 - RESILIENCE aims at better adaptation

Opportunity: Tens of Trillions of \$USD for investment (+ operations)



Lost Opportunity problem

- Climate action scale potential > Industrial revolution, digital revolution
- Buggy whip company problem miss the train, lose opportunity
- Same problem for countries that drag their feet and obstruct climate action
- Factoid: Renewable economy is ramping up, now unstoppable

Acting Now: Cheaper than waiting

Article Open Access Published: 08 June 2020

Assessing the costs of historical inaction on climate change

Benjamin M. Sanderson 2 & Brian C. O'Neill

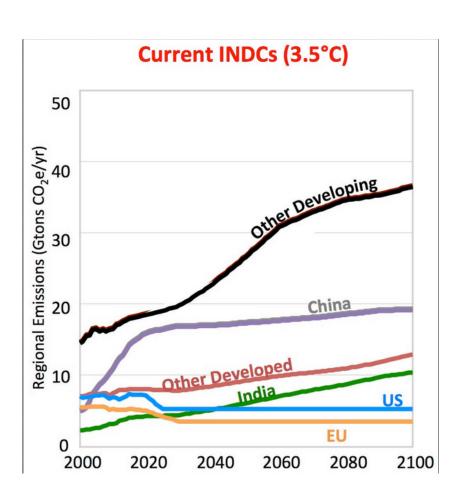
Scientific Reports 10, Article number: 9173 (2020) Cite this article

17k Accesses | 12 Citations | 317 Altmetric | Metrics

Abstract

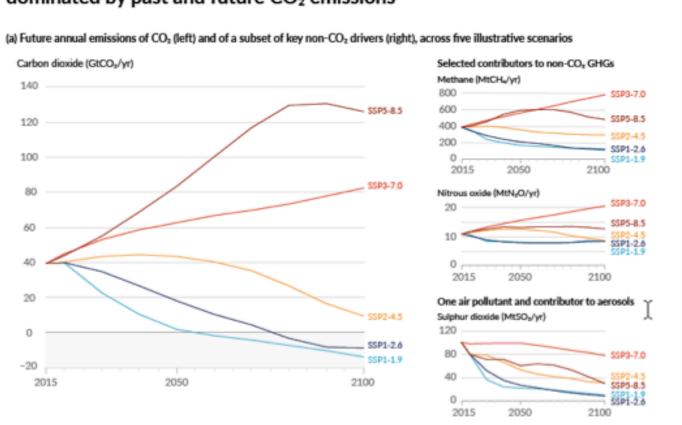
We consider alternative history scenarios in which explicit climate mitigation begins before the present day, estimating the total costs to date of delayed action. Considering a 2(1.5) degree Celsius stabilization target, peak costs are greater and reached sooner with a later start to mitigation, reaching 15(17)% of global GDP in 2085(2070) for a 1990 start and 18(35)% in 2080(2035) for a 2020 start. Further mitigation delay costs a best estimate of an additional 0.5(5) trillion dollars per year. Additional simulations show how optimal mitigation

Action – Support goals: COP26: down from +3.5°C (Paris NDCs) to +2°C (better).

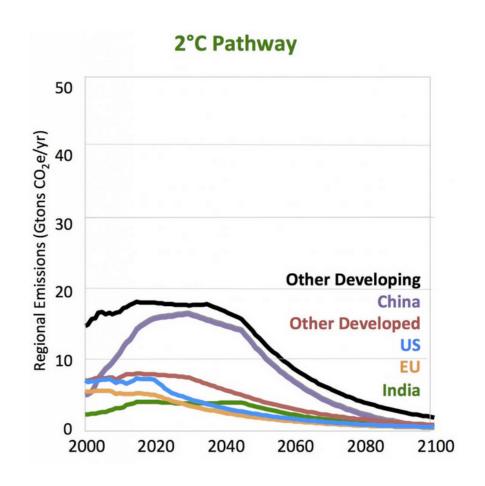


Scenarios to 2100 (CO2/year)

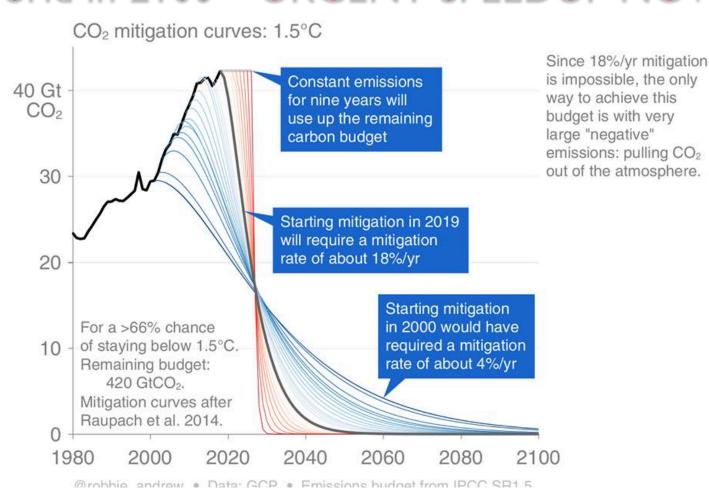
Future emissions cause future additional warming, with total warming dominated by past and future CO₂ emissions



Emissions of all countries must markedly decrease by 2050 if only +2°C in 2100



Scenarios of CO2 reduction for +1.5 degree world in 2100 – URGENT SPEEDUP NOW



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Temps. (2050) vs. Carbon budgets. Note linear: Temp. vs. Cum. Carbon

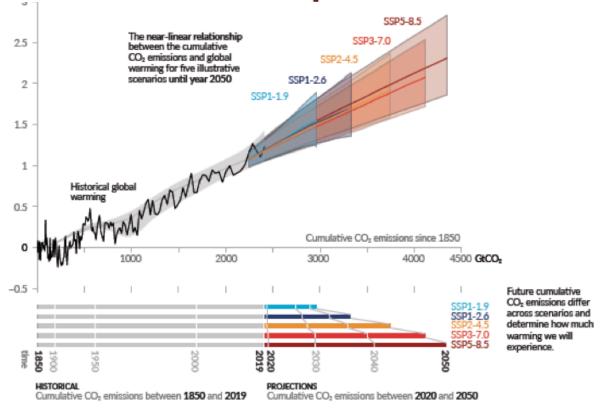
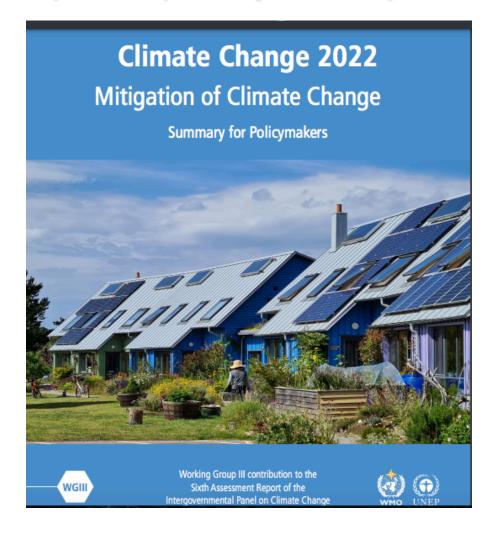


Figure SPM.10 | Near-linear relationship between cumulative CO₂ emissions and the increase in global surface temperature

Top panel: Historical data (thin black line) shows observed global surface temperature increase in °C since 1850–1900 as a function of historical cumulative carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions in GtCO₂ from 1850 to 2019. The grey range with its central line shows a corresponding estimate of the historical human-caused surface warming (see Figure SPM.2). Coloured areas show the assessed very likely range of global surface temperature projections, and thick coloured central lines show the median estimate as a function of cumulative CO₂ emissions from 2020 until year 2050 for the set of illustrative scenarios (SSP1-1.9, SSP1-2.6, SSP2-4.5, SSP3-7.0, and

IPCC Reports: Mitigation (2022) + Science (2021), Impacts (2022)



PROJECT DRAWDOWN

- Comprehensive list 100 climate actions
- Actions are available now
 - New technology will help but not needed
 - Both cost and benefits estimated
- Benefits far outweigh costs

Huge Benefits - OPPORTUNITY

PROJECT	
DRAW	DOWN.

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email sign up

donate

Rank	Solution	Sector	REDUCTION (GT)	NET COST (BILLIONS US \$)	SAVINGS (BILLIONS US \$)
26	Electric Vehicles	Transport	10.80	\$14,148.00	\$9,726.40
2	Wind Turbines (Onshore)	Electricity Generation	84.60	\$1,225.37	\$7,425.00
8	Solar Farms	Electricity Generation	36.90	\$-80.60	\$5,023.84
27	District Heating	Buildings and Cities	9.38	\$457.10	\$3,543.50
10	Rooftop Solar	Electricity Generation	24.60	\$453.14	\$3,457.63
54	Walkable Cities	Buildings and Cities	2.92	N/A	\$3,278.24
43	Airplanes	Transport	5.05	\$662.42	\$3,187.80
40	Trucks	Transport	6.18	\$543.54	\$2,781.63
31	Insulation	Buildings and Cities	8.27	\$3,655.92	\$2,513.33
37	Mass Transit	Transport	6.57	N/A	\$2,379.73
16	Conservation Agriculture	Food	17.35	\$37.53	\$2,119.07
11	Regenerative Agriculture	Food	23.15	\$57.22	\$1,928.10
46	Water Saving - Home	Materials	4.61	\$72.44	\$1,800.12
49	Cars	Transport	4.00	\$-598.69	\$1,761.72
33	LED Lighting (Household)	Buildings and Cities	7.81	\$323.52	\$1,729.54
20	Nuclear	Electricity Generation	16.09	\$0.88	\$1,713.40
42	Heat Pumps	Buildings and Cities	5.20	\$118.71	\$1,546.66
23	Farmland Restoration	Food	14.08	\$72.24	\$1,342.47
60	Telenvecence	Transport	1.00	Ø107.70	Ø1 210 F0

Huge CO2 Reductions

PROJECT DRAWDOWN.



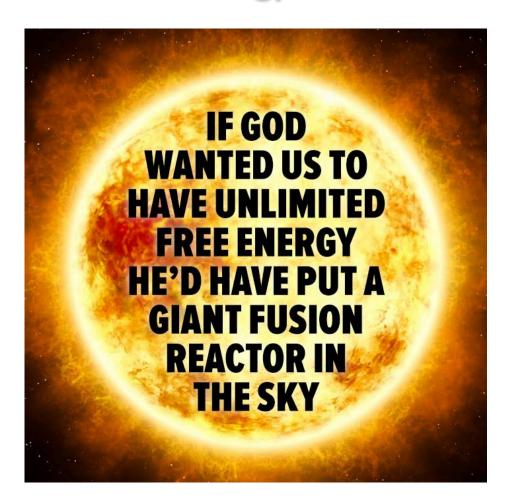
email sign up

donate



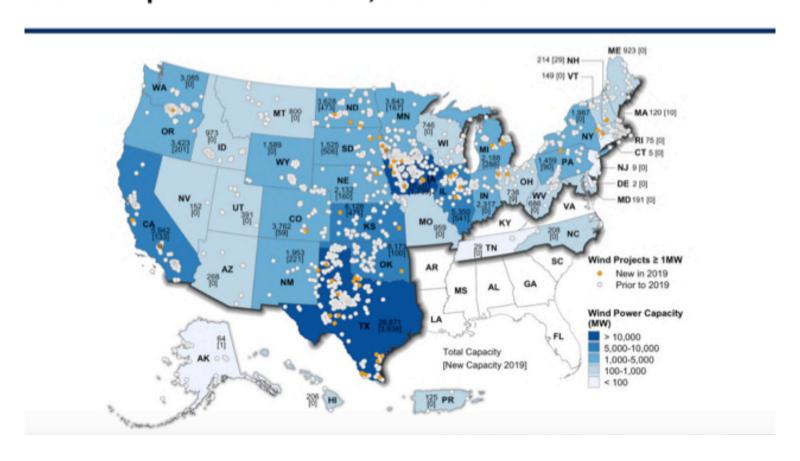
≑ Rank		♦ Sector	TOTAL ATMOSPHERIC ▼ CO2-EQ REDUCTION (GT)	NET COST (BILLIONS US \$)	\$ SAVINGS (BILLIONS US \$)
1	Refrigerant Management	Materials	89.74	N/A	\$-902.77
2	Wind Turbines (Onshore)	Electricity Generation	84.60	\$1,225.37	\$7,425.00
3	Reduced Food Waste	Food	70.53	N/A	N/A
4	Plant-Rich Diet	Food	66.11	N/A	N/A
5	Tropical Forests	Land Use	61.23	N/A	N/A
6	Educating Girls	Women and Girls	51.48	N/A	N/A
7	Family Planning	Women and Girls	51.48	N/A	N/A
8	Solar Farms	Electricity Generation	36.90	\$-80.60	\$5,023.84
9	Silvopasture	Food	31.19	\$41.59	\$699.37
10	Rooftop Solar	Electricity Generation	24.60	\$453.14	\$3,457.63
11	Regenerative Agriculture	Food	23.15	\$57.22	\$1,928.10
12	Temperate Forests	Land Use	22.61	N/A	N/A
13	Peatlands	Land Use	21.57	N/A	N/A
14	Tropical Staple Trees	Food	20.19	\$120.07	\$626.97
15	Afforestation	Land Use	18.06	\$29.44	\$392.33
				.	.

Climate Opportunity/Risk Action: Support Solar Energy



Climate Opportunity/Risk Action: Support Wind energy

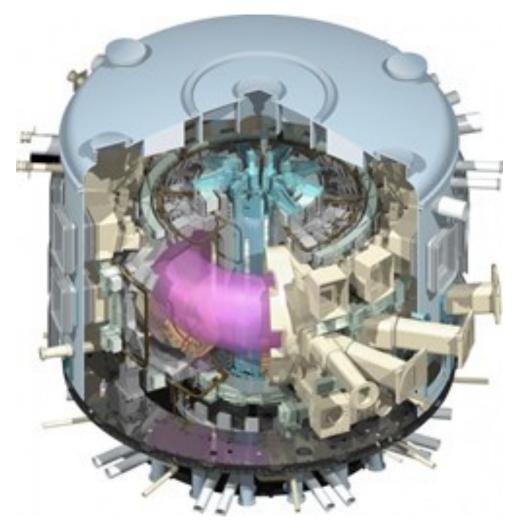
U.S. wind power installations, end of 2019



Climate Opportunity/Risk Action: Support Electric Vehicles

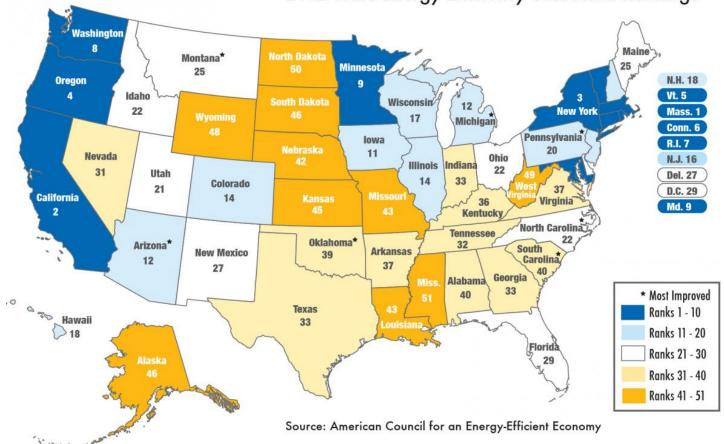


Climate Opportunity/Risk Action: Support Fusion (ITER + ...) No Joke.



Climate Opportunity/Risk Action: Support Energy Efficiency

2012 State Energy Efficiency Scorecard Rankings

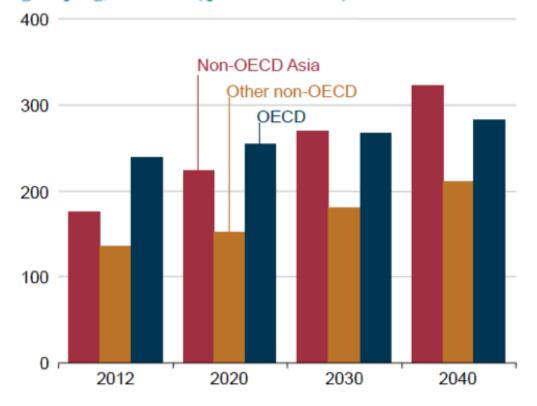


Risk Management Action – Learn about climate lawsuits: Database



Climate Opportunity/Risk Action: Reduce Energy use (per capita)

Figure ES-1. World energy consumption by country grouping, 2012–40 (quadrillion Btu)



Climate Opportunity/Risk Action: CDR CO2 Reduction

Now 410ppm – need 350ppm = CDR 60ppm



OREST AND CLIMATE PROGRAMM

percede sector to suret its commutaments.

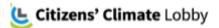
Climate Opportunity/Risk Action: Support Research (e.g. Batteries; lots of new tech)



Climate Opportunity/Risk Action Divest: Stranded Assets



Climate Opportunity/Risk Action: Citizens' Climate Lobby (Carbon Fee-Dividend)



About Our Climate

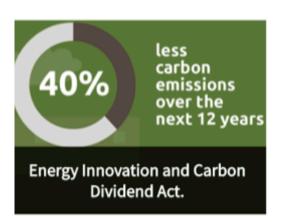
Blog

Take Action

Donate

Join CCL

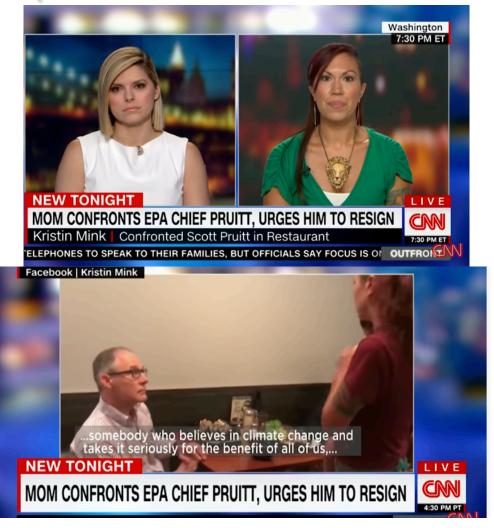








Climate Opportunity/Risk Action: Action (+ letters + marches + ...)



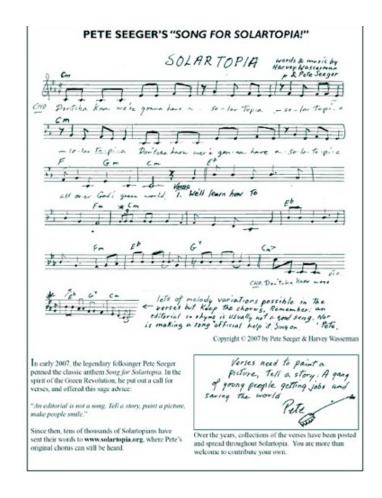
Promote responsible climate journalism – resource is the CSRRT



Climate Opportunity/Risk Action: Promote reports: Risky Business



Climate Opportunity/Risk Action - The Arts: "Solartopia", Pete Seeger



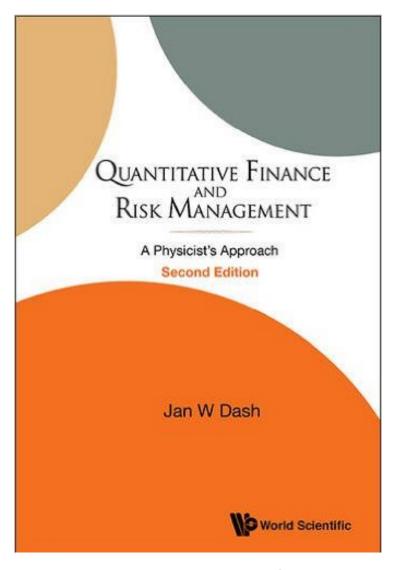
Climate Opportunity/Risk Action: Support Climate Education



Climate Opportunity/Risk Action: Promote reliable sources: RealClimate.org



Ch. 53: Climate Change Risk Management



Climate Encyclopedia



WORLD SCIENTIFIC ENCYCLOPEDIA OF CLIMATE CHANGE

Case Studies of Climate Risk, Action, and Opportunity

Volume 1

Jan W. Dash editor



Climate Encyclopedia Contents

#	Vol 1	Vol 2	Vol 3
1	Climate Encyclopedia Overview	Climate and Economics	Climate and Policy
2	Climate and Finance	Climate and Justice	Climate Impacts
3	Climate Action	Climate and Morality	Climate Risk Management
4	Climate Mitigation	Climate and Food	Climate and Renewable Energy
5	Climate and Business	Climate and Technology	Climate and Electricity
6	Climate and Youth	Climate Science	Climate and Transportatio n
7	Climate and Health	Climate Adaptation	
8	Climate and Faith	Climate Law	
9	Climate and the Arts		
10	Climate Education		
11	Climate Consensus		
12	Climate Conferences		

New: Journal of Climate Action, Risk, Policy

- Vision: Provide resources catalyzing the more urgent, substantial, and pivotal climate action solutions by
 - Business of all types
 - Government at all levels
 - Academia
 - NGOs

Climate Change Academy of Risk and Opportunity (proposal)

- Mission: help galvanize business climate risk evaluation and opportunity
- Catalyze a new C-Suite level profession, Climate Change Risk and Opportunity Officer, CCROO.
- Propose high standard guidelines for CCROO, taught by universities + practitioners.
- My talk: https://youtu.be/HmvH2o3-6

M.S. in CLIMATE RISK AND OPPORTUNITY - GUIDELINES

I. Risk Management

- i. Corporate Finance and Risk Management
- ii. Quantitative Financial Risk Management

II. Climate Change - Basics

- iii. The Physical Science Basis of Climate Change
- iv. Impacts of Climate Change, Vulnerabilities, Adaptation
- v. Mitigation of Climate Change

III. Specialized Topics in Risk and Opportunity

- vi. Climate Change, Business and: Finance, Economics, Policy
- vii. Economic / Climate Models, viii. Financing, ix. Scenario Analyses, x. Tail Risk, xi. Uncertainties, xii. Data, xiii. Tools, xiv. Systems
- xv. Reporting and Regulation, xvi. Investors, xvii. International, xviii. Academic, xix. Political
- xx. Sectors, xxi. Cross-discipline Communication
- xxii. Intergenerational Equity, xxiii. Justice and Climate

Details (I hour talk / topic)

SUGGESTED CCROO COMPETENCIES LIST

¹ Corporate Finance and Risk Management: Real world corporate case studies, Strategic planning, Project finance, Debt, Credit, Operational Risk, Supply chains, Real options ... - Master's degree level

ⁱⁱ Quantitative Financial Risk Management: Markets, Statistics, Regulations, VAR, Financial model risk, Counterparty risk, Systemic risk, Crises, Trends, Portfolios... - Master's degree level

The Physical Science Basis of Climate Change: Data, Theory, Models; Carbon emissions (cumulative, current, future, per-capita, country) ... Tech. Sum. IPCC v1; https://www.ipcc.ch/report/ar5/wg1/technical-summary/

iv Impacts of Climate Change, Vulnerabilities, Adaptation: Time scales, Meaning of "1.5 and 2 degrees", Physical risk, Transition risk, Health, Security, Economic and political instabilities, Food, Water, Sea level rise, Migration, Biodiversity; Growth; Resilience strategies, Derivatives, Insurance; Geography, Climate attribution; Case studies; Feedback/enhancement between impacts ... - Tech. Sum. IPCC v2; https://www.ipcc.ch/report/ar5/wg2/technical-summary/

Mitigation of Climate Change: Decarbonization, Scopes 1,2,3; Carbon budget, Drawdown, Electricity, Grid (stability, national HVDC, storage), Renewables, Fission/Fusion, Fossil fuels, Efficiency, Regulation, Policies, Carbon pricing, Agriculture, Forests, Diet, Industry, Transport, Buildings, Heat pumps, New technologies, Hydrogen, Carbon Capture and Storage, Divestment, Stranded assets, Life cycle, Circular economy, Raw materials, Subsidies, Offsets, Geoengineering...-Tech. Sum. IPCC v3; https://www.ipcc.ch/report/ar5/wg3/technical-summary/

vi Business and Finance, Economics, Policy: Survey and Case studies – World Scientific Climate Change Encyclopedia level; https://www.worldscientific.com/worldscibooks/10.1142/11526#t=aboutBook

vii Economic / Climate Models: Integrated Assessment Models including climate damage, Regional vs. global climate modeling, Social Cost of Carbon, Discount-rate models, Nonlinearities ...

Details (2)

- viii Financing: Scaling and types of financing, Project finance case studies, Green bonds, Institutions, Instruments ...
- ix Scenario Analyses: Nature of climate scenarios, Bayesian (e.g. +2 degrees at 2100), Specific scenarios (IPCC, Sky...), Climate VAR, Scenarios with mitigation, Climate stress tests, Path dependencies, Nonlinearities ...
- x Tail Risk: Extreme events (past, projected), Case studies (Sandy, French heat wave...), Confidence levels...
- ³² Uncertainties: Climate sensitivities, Human behavior, Model parameters, Precautionary principle ...
- xii Data: Vendors, GHG inventories, Temperature, Food, Water, Land cover, Data gaps and spikes, AI/ML, Sources ...
- Tools: Buy vs. Build, EnRoads and CRoads (MIT), Stock price sensitivities, Web-based tools ...
- xiv Systems: Vendors, IT management, Monte-Carlo long-term simulations, Speed and accuracy ...
- W Reporting and Regulation: TCFD, Climate risk and opportunity, Business participation, Transition risk, Regulation, Climate law ...
- xxi Investing: CERES, Investor pressure, Impact investing, Reputation risk, Contagion ...
- MI International: UNFCCC, COP conferences, Paris Agreement, NDCs, Enhanced ambition, Tech transfer, Financing
- Academic: Sustainability/risk MS programs, Practitioner courses, ACCO, Webinars, Conferences ...
- xix Political: US (Federal, State), Europe, UK, China, India, Russia, Brazil, Asia, M.East: (Past, Current, Future) ...
- Sectors: Sector-dependent climate risks and opportunities
- xxi Communication: Priorities, Media, Complexity, Psychology, Science/risk denial, Planning, Negotiation ...
- mail Intergenerational Equity: "Leaving a livable world", Youth climate movement, Urgency and ethics ...
- Justice and Climate: SDGs, ESGs, Business sustainability, Climate and Social/Environmental justice/pollution, Economic development, Population, COP24 just transition, Faith organizations, NGOs, Indigenous peoples ...

Climate Opportunity/Risk Action: Oppose Climate Denier (Science /Risk) obstruction

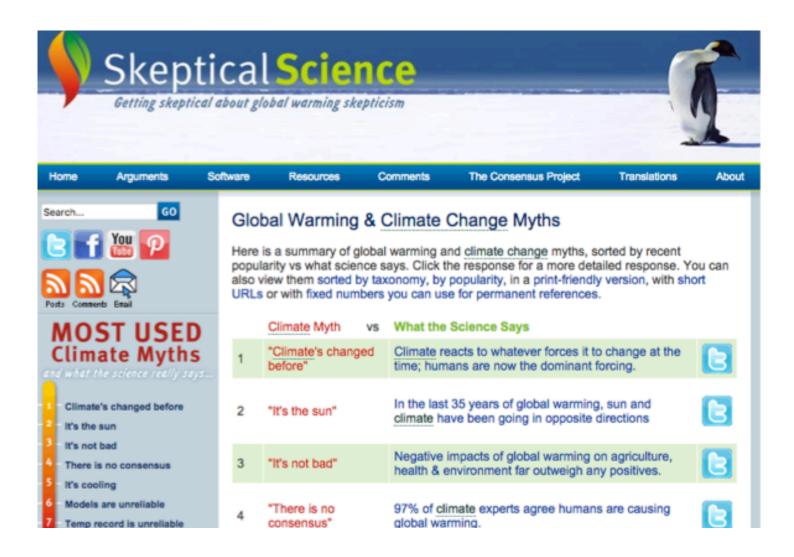


Four tranches of climate science/risk denial of Global Warming (GW)

- I. GW exists (deniers deny)
- 2. GW is caused by humans (deniers deny)
- 3. GW has severe impacts (deniers deny)
- 4. GW can be mitigated (deniers deny)

- Climate science/risk denial huge risk - climate action is obstructed
- Long history. Moving from 1,2 to 3,4

Contrarian Pseudo-Science Fallacies



Much More in Climate Action Portfolio

- Decarbonize heavy industry (steel), shipping, aviation, cement ...
- Eat Less Meat (or Grass-Fed)
- Hydrogen, 4th gen. fission, geothermal ...
- Heat pumps, co-generation ...
- Reduce Reuse Recycle
- Reduce Plastics (oil-based)
- Offsets (tricky)
- Not: Geo-engineering e.g. SRM (bad idea)

QUIZ REVISITED

- What do YOU think about the opportunities and risks involved with climate change?
- Did anything change?

CLIMATE CHANGE OPPORTUNITY, RISK MANAGEMENT – Last words

- OPTIMISM no other choice
- COURAGE difficult with obstruction
- **PERSISTENCE** not a sprint
- WE ALL CAN HELP -
 - LOOK CLIMATE ACTION OPPORTUNITY,
 - APPLY CLIMATE RISK MANAGEMENT
- IF YOU ARE ALREADY ACTIVE,

Thank You!



Climate Change: Opportunity and Risk - Appendix

Jan W. Dash, PhD April 2022

Editor: World Scientific Climate Encyclopedia

Gabelli Fellow and Visiting Scholar, Fordham U.

Book: Quantitative Finance and Risk Management, A Physicist's Approach

Climate Change Risk Management – Formal (See IPCC reports, also my book, Ch. 53)

Introduction

There are three basic aspects of risk management:

- · If possible, estimate the probability P of a hazardous event, or of a class of such events
- · Estimate the event impact I of loss/damage of exposure E, assuming the event occurs
- · Estimate the cost C to reduce the risk of a hazardous event to an acceptable level.

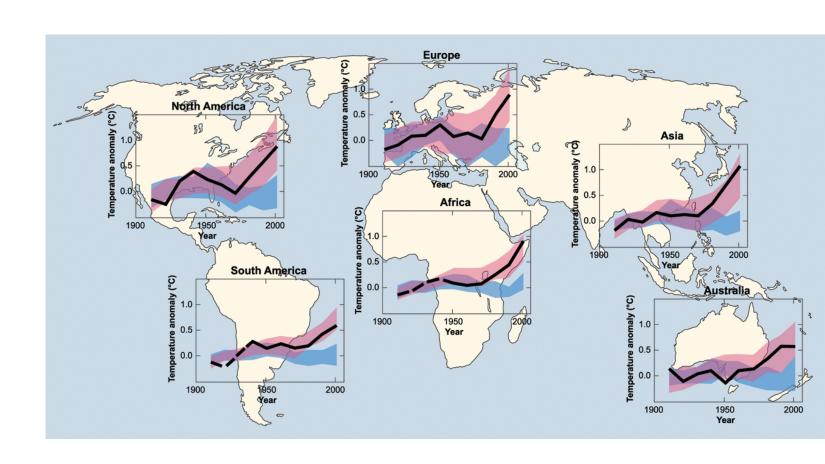
Climate Models (I)

- Based on Physics
 - Nobel Prize 2021 Manabe, Hasselmann
- Global and detailed regional versions
- Global warming via CO2 (known 19th century), not dependent on models
- Model Use: forecasts, attributions ...
- Stable model results in time through generations with increasing sophistication
- Atmosphere, land, ocean, ice ... input

Climate Models (2)

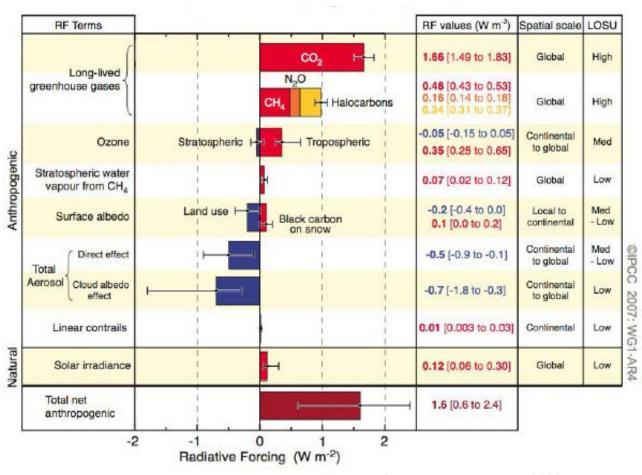
- Temperature change OUTPUT, not input
- Both human and natural causes input
- Climate models DO WORK when tested
 - Not every detail is reproduced
 - Models can't/don't include everything
 - Uncertainties in output estimated for climate models and are reported
 - Misunderstandings exist, critiques exaggerated
 - Confusion between mathematics and science

Climate Models vs. T data: Human + Natural agrees, ok. Natural only disagrees, NOT ok.



ALL effects ("forcings") in climate models, both natural + human

Biggest effect is CO₂



Integrated Assessment Model IAM

- Economic model + Climate model work together in an IAM; simplified inputs
- Assume scenarios
- Economic model: Linear perturbative
 - Problems: Climate damage, Non-linear shocks, hits on growth, outliers
 - Choice of discount rate (next slide)
- Climate model: Sets the background
 - "Forcings" depend on human behavior

Discount rate r assumed in IAM - $HUGE\ Effect\ (factor\ 2\ for\ dr/r=1\%)$

- (Big) hurdle rates private capital rate for projects should not be relevant for policy decisions
 - Discounts grandchildren (future impacts seem small)
 - Why should our grandchildren pay for today's credit?
 - Recent (non-hurdle) rates very low
- Economic models for rates not very helpful
 - Econ. modeling for discount rate unstable (DeCanio)
 - Paradox: More growth => bigger rate => less climate action BUT more climate impacts reduce growth

Climate Value at Risk "CVAR"

- Advanced climate risk assessment
- Include many scenarios instead of just one
 - Thereby include uncertainties
- Assess risk at specified confidence level with model pdf
 - Proposed in 2016 book (Dash)
 - Calculations (Dietz ...)
 - Need measures for illiquid assets, long times

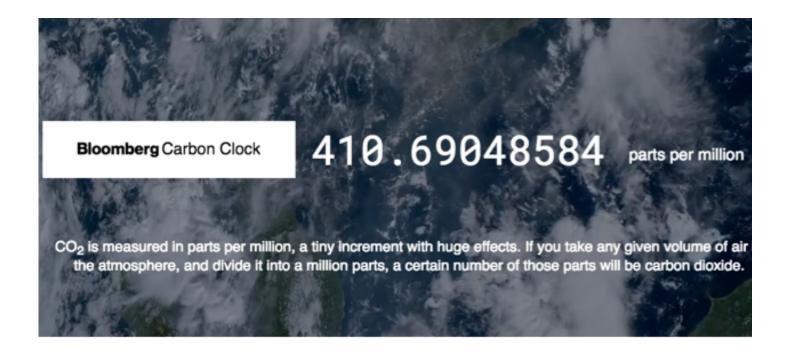
Time Scales

- Urgent enhanced action need NOW
- Climate impacts are occurring today
- Climate impacts may/will get much worse
- Climate risk time scales: years
- Long Term: Year 2100 (not so distant)
 - Shakespeare lived 400 years ago
- N.b. Geologic time scales give some information, but need to be careful.
 - Human-induced climate change much faster

DATA DATA DATA

- Becoming more sophisticated, better coverage
- Oceans: Argo floats (submarine robots)
- Land: Direct measurements (urban, rural)
 - Temperature differences used important
- Satellites pros and cons
 - Satellite GHG emissions measurements coming!! Huge positive development!!
 - Satellites don't measure ground temperature
- GHG emission data need cleaning

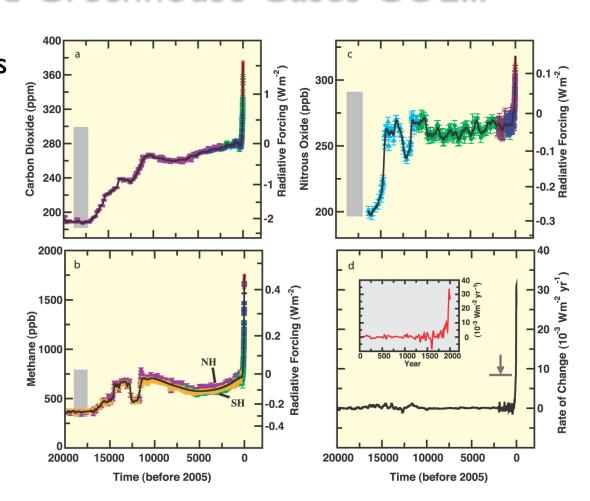
Bloomberg Carbon Clock Roston, Dash, Zhang



Recent Global Warming is due to Human Generated Greenhouse Gases CO2...

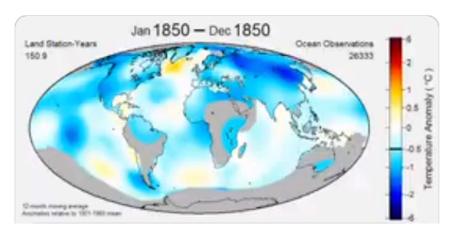
20,000 years of data; CO2 spike is recent, continuing. Methane...

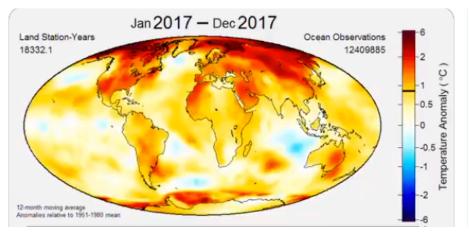
IPCC 2007



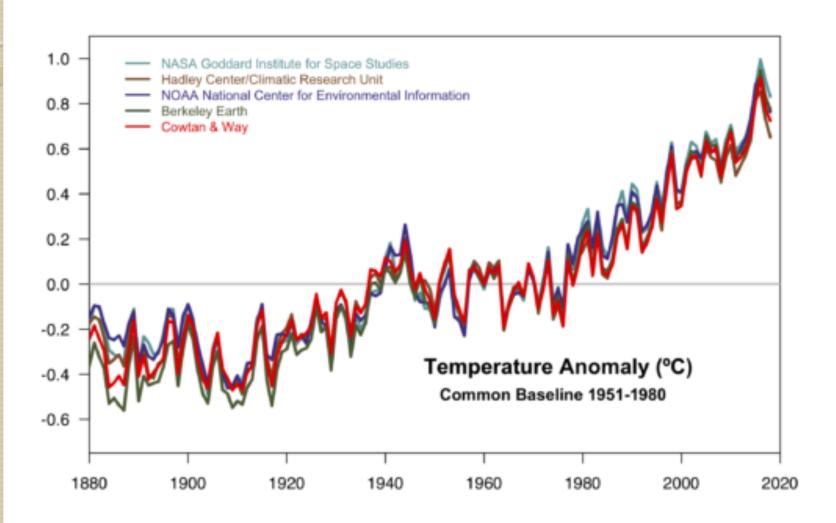
Movie – data for global warming

https://twitter.com/RARohde/status/954018594848993280





Data sources agree



Climate Models and Data Agree

